







Subject Specific Vocabulary		Sticky Knowledge		Concepts	
altitude	The height of an object above a surface (such as sea level or land).	Africa is the second largest continent. It covers 20% of the world’s land use.		 Location	
climate	The general weather conditions of a region.	There are 54 countries in Africa.			
deforestation	Clearing of forests by humans to make the land available for other uses.	The Sahara is the largest desert in the world. It is located in northern Africa and has a total area of some 3,320,000 square miles (8,600,000 square km).			
drought	A long period of low rainfall leading to a shortage of water	The River Nile is about 6,670 km (4,160 miles) in length and is the longest river in Africa and in the world. Although it is generally associated with Egypt, only 22% of the Nile’s course runs through Egypt.		 Place	
equator	A line drawn on the Earth with equal distance from the poles. It divides it into northern and southern hemispheres.				
		15% of the world’s population live here.		 Movement	
Fairtrade	Fairtrade is about better prices, decent working conditions and fair terms of trade for farmers and workers.		The Congo Basin makes up one of the most important wilderness areas on Earth. At 500 million acres, it is larger than the state of Alaska and stands as the world’s second-largest tropical forest.		Skills -Locate the Tropic of Cancer and the Tropic of Capricorn and the Sahara Desert. -Use 4 and 6 figure grid references. -Understand the significance of latitude and longitude. -Explain what a place might be like in the future, taking account of issues impacting on human features and physical features e.g. climate change, Fairtrade.
Nile	The longest river in Africa.				
Sahara	The largest desert in the world.				
tropics	The region of the Earth surrounding the equator.				



Prior Learning	Local/National	Unit Objective
<p><u>Kenya</u></p> <p>I have already learned about Kenya including some human and physical features, what life is like in an urban and rural place in Kenya and the animals that live there.</p>	<p>In this unit, we will learn about the diverse continent of Africa including the human and physical features of different countries. We will locate countries, cities, oceans and mountains using maps and atlases. We will compare the different countries and look at trade including Fairtrade.</p>	<p>Human and physical geography Describe and understand key aspects of: human and physical geography.</p> <p>Geographical Skills Use maps, atlases, globes and digital/computer mapping to locate countries and describe features studied.</p>
 <p>The Congo Rainforest (Central Africa)</p>	 <p>South Africa</p>	 <p>Morocco</p>